

A high-contrast, black and white photograph of a dark, textured surface, possibly a rock or a piece of wood. The image is heavily grainy and has a high level of contrast, with the dark areas being almost black and the bright area being a stark white. The bright area in the upper left corner has an irregular, organic shape, resembling a crack or a mineral deposit. The rest of the image is a dark, mottled texture with some lighter, horizontal streaks.

FIG. 1A

000021 20EE/60

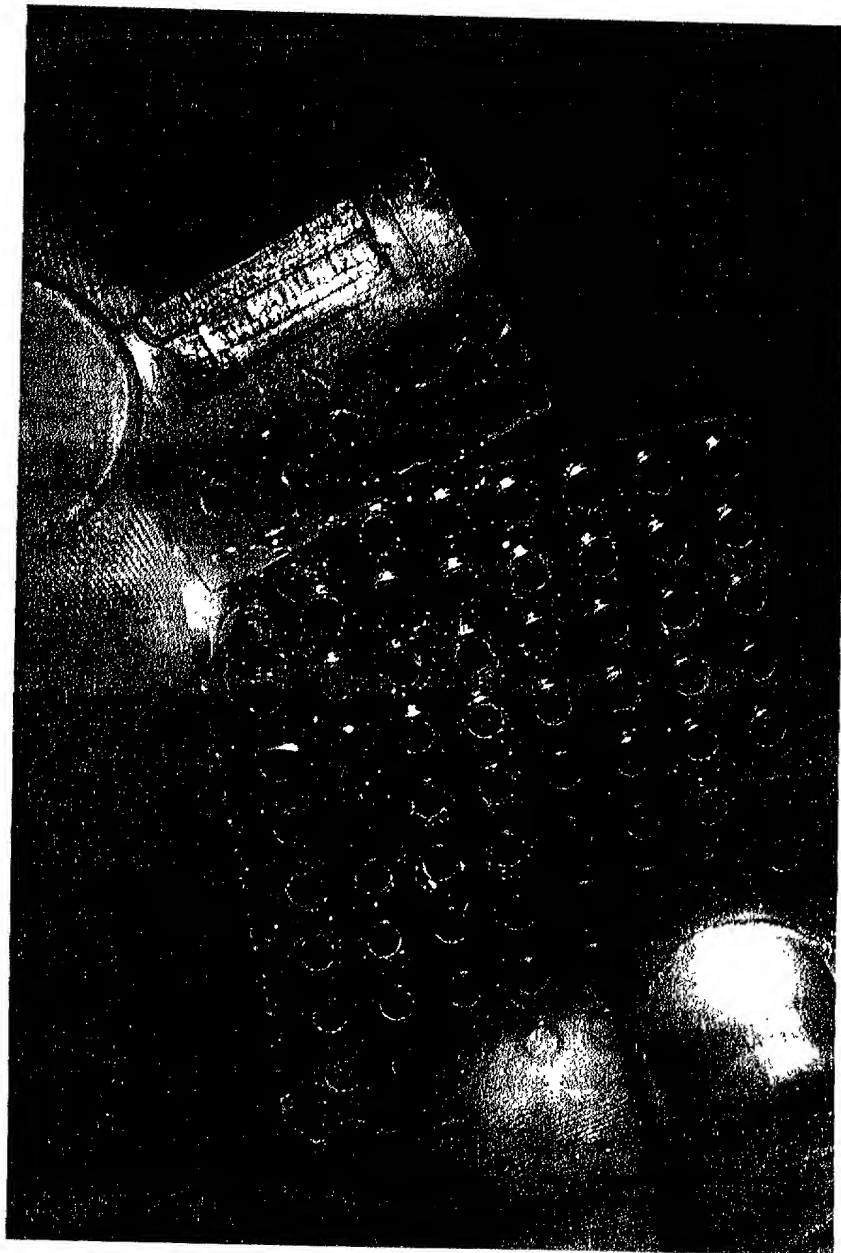


FIG. 1B

000001" 2022E/60

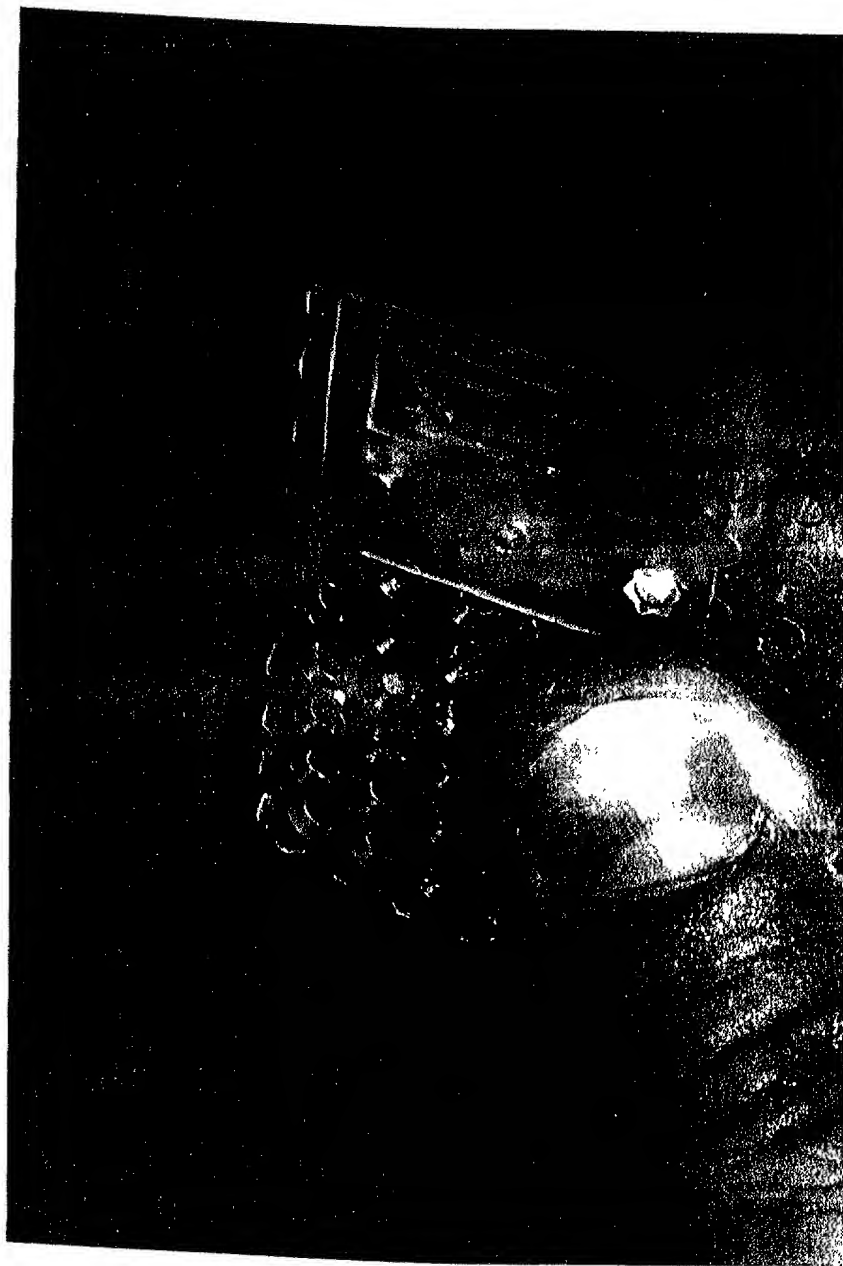


FIG. 1C

008021 20EE260

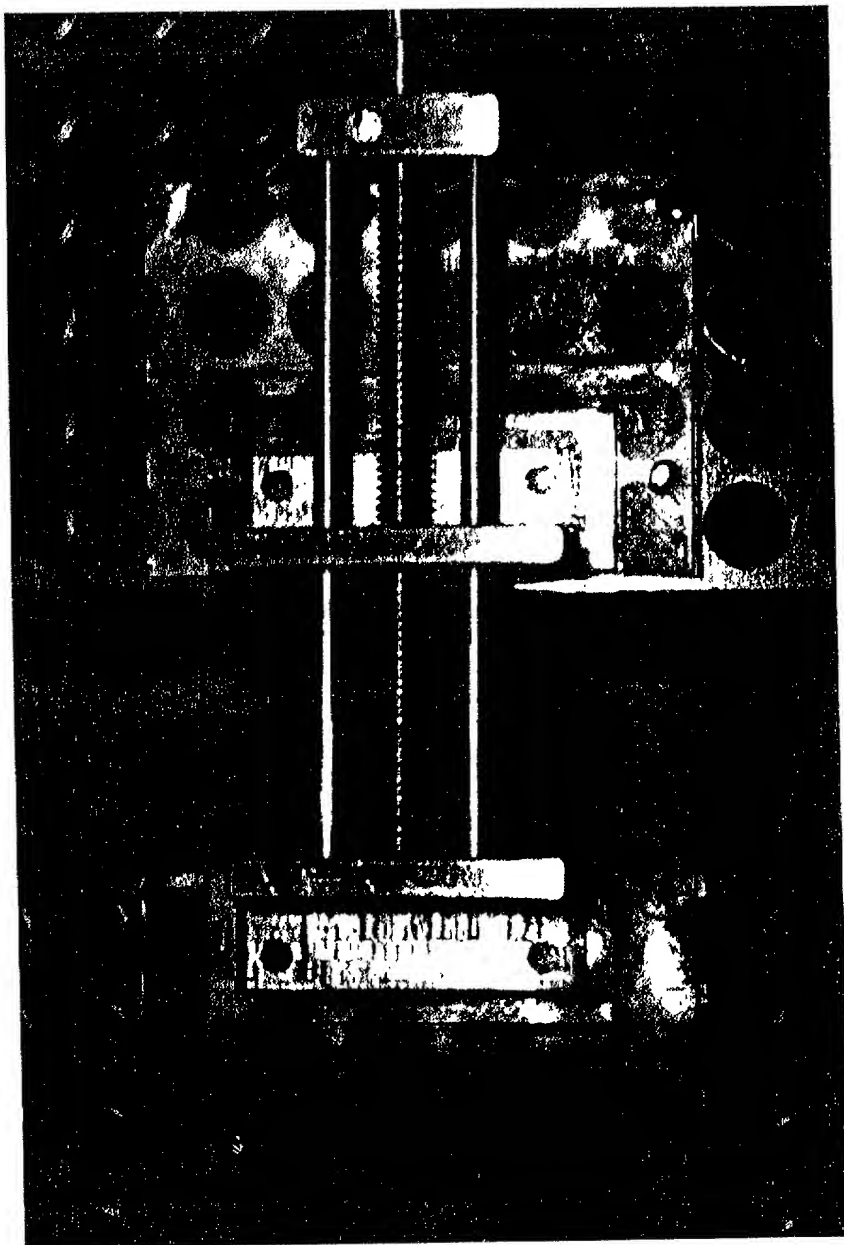


FIG. 1D

FIG. 1E

00002F 20000000

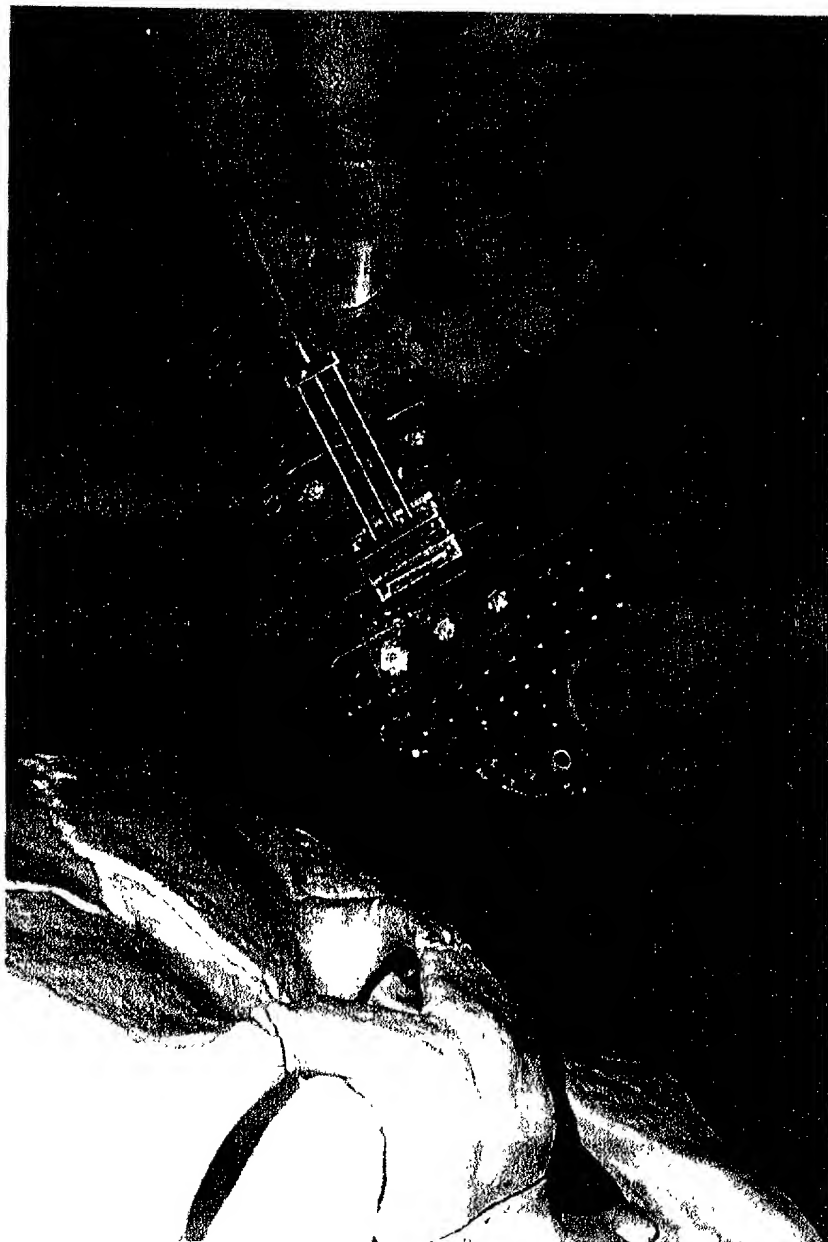


FIG. 1F

008024" 20EE2/60

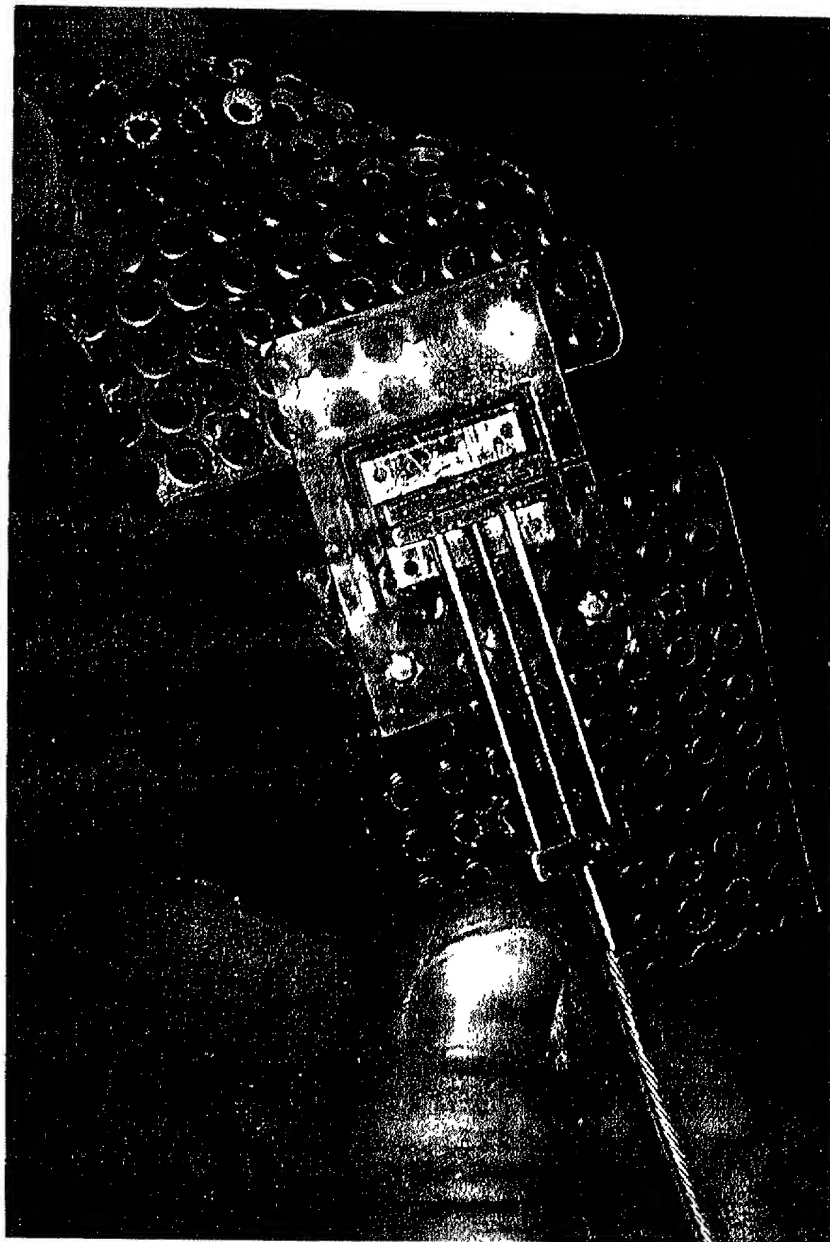


FIG. 1G

008021" 20EE260

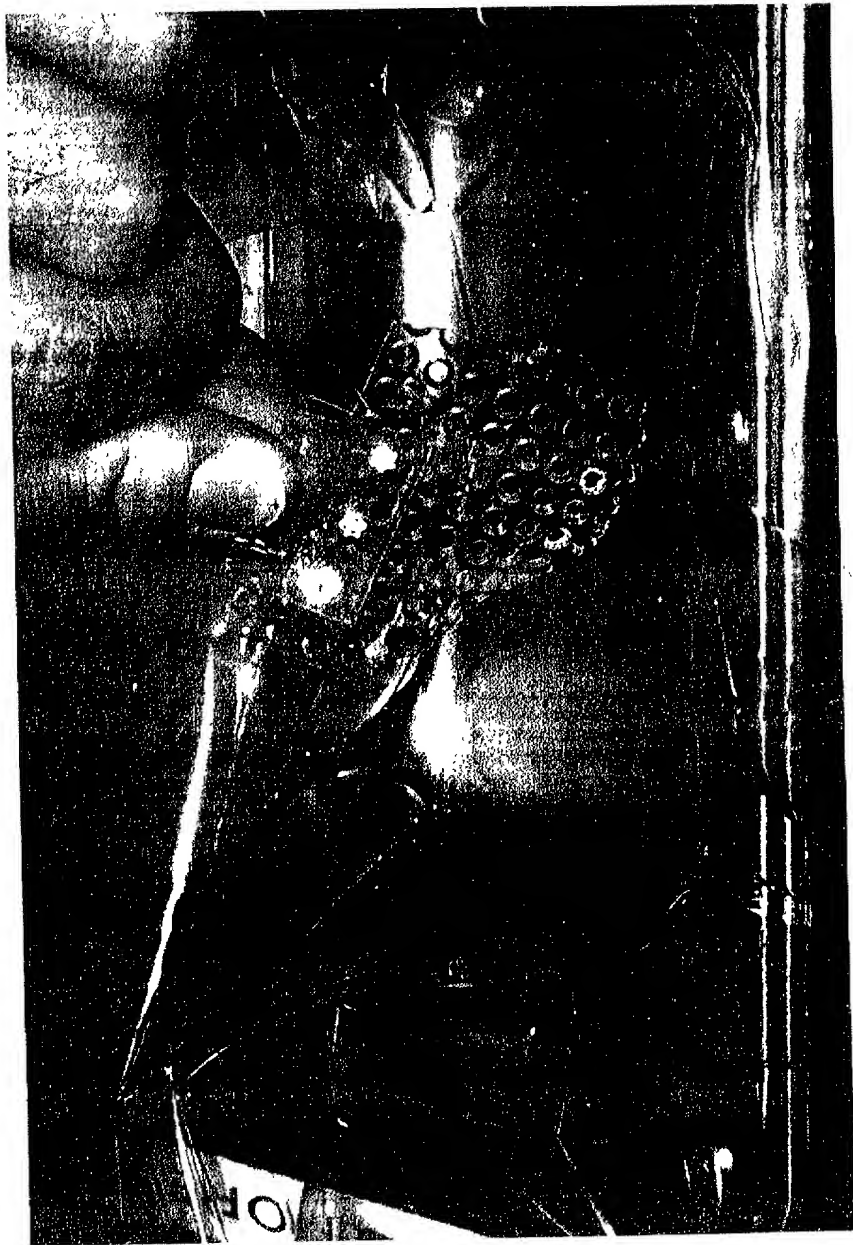


FIG. 1H

000027 20EEZ60

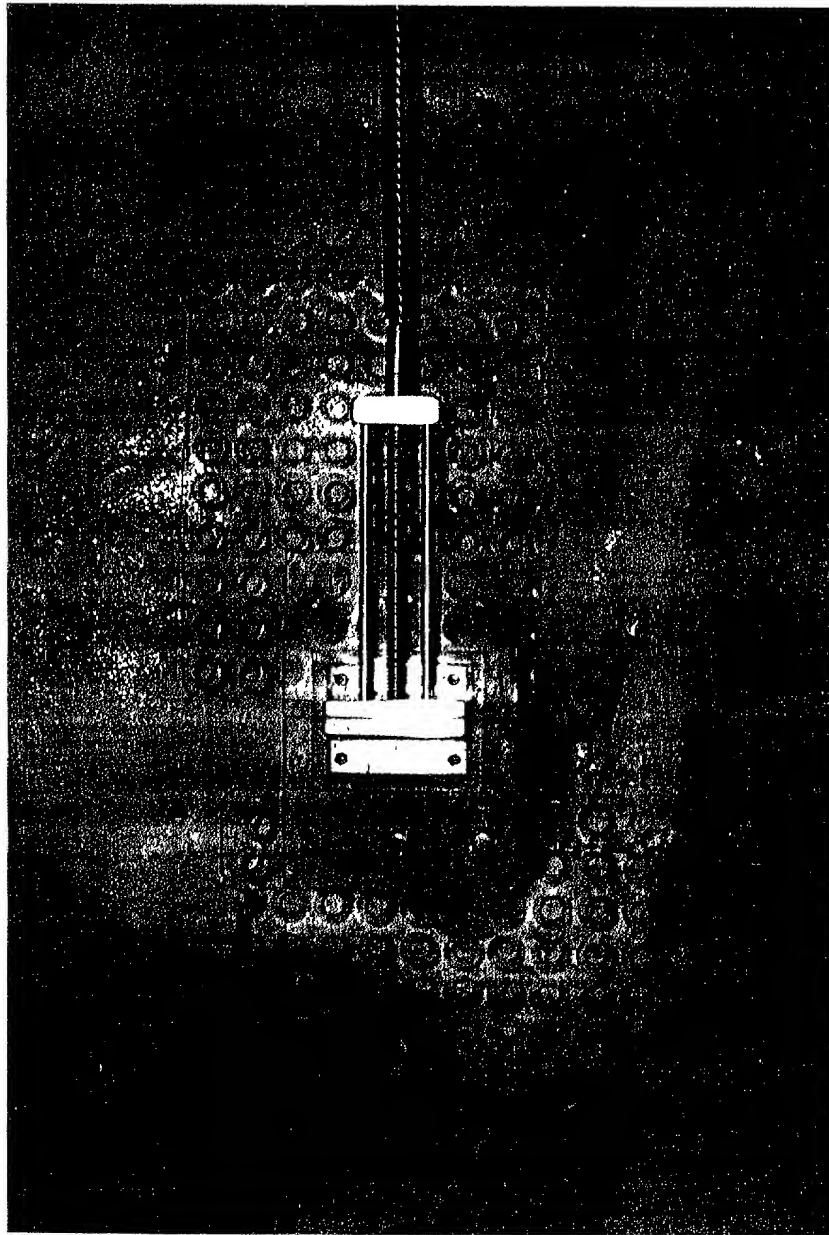


FIG. 11

000021 20222/60

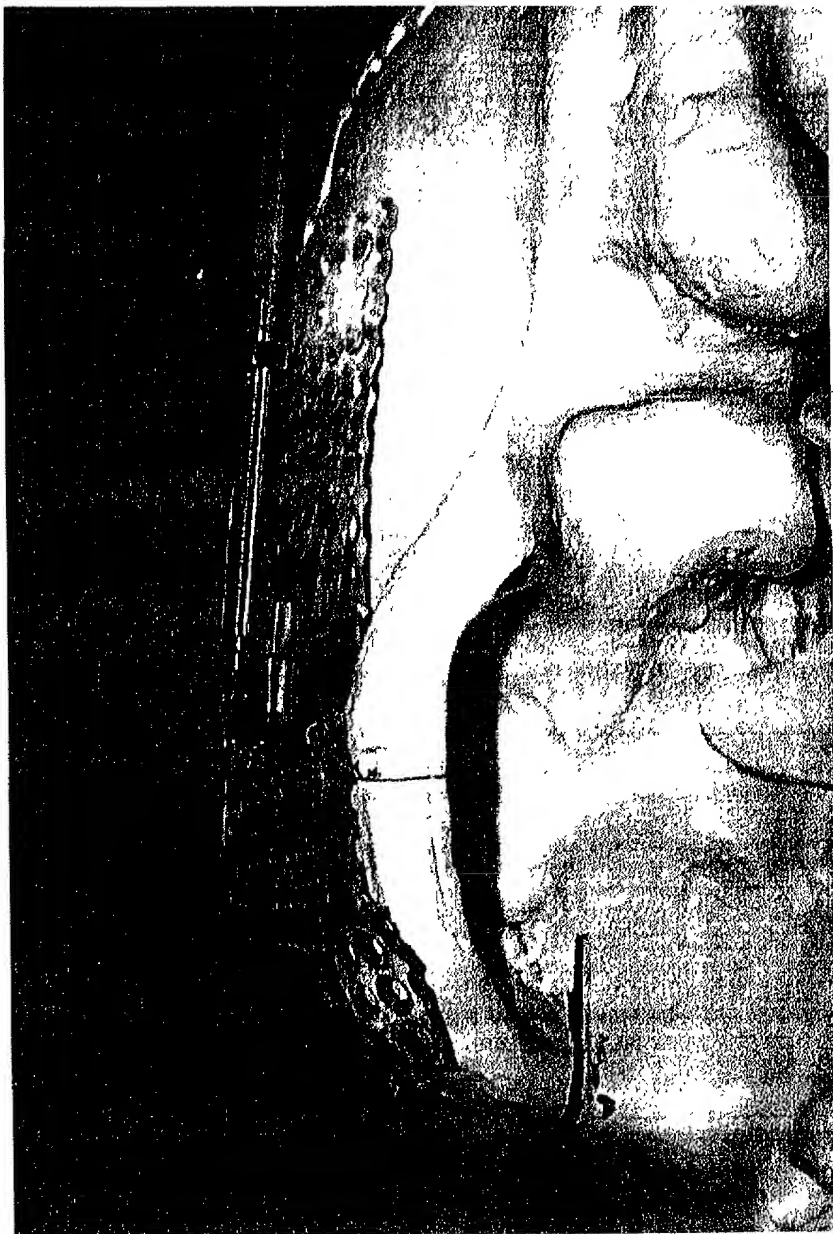


FIG. 1J

A high-contrast, black and white photograph of a typewriter. The machine is the central focus, with its keyboard and carriage visible. The image is heavily stylized, with a grainy, almost abstract quality. The lighting is dramatic, casting deep shadows and bright highlights. The background is dark and indistinct.

FIG. 1K

The diagram illustrates a distraction device for bone repair. It features two horizontal bars, each with four small circles at its ends, representing attachment points. These bars are connected by a central vertical structure. An arrow points to the top bar with the label "Structure for Attachment to Bone". Another arrow points to the central vertical structure with the label "Stabilizing Means". A third arrow points to the space between the two bars with the label "Distraction Space". A fourth arrow points to the bottom bar with the label "Stabilizing Means".

FIG. 2

The diagram illustrates a bone fixation device applied to a bone. The bone is represented by two horizontal lines. A central section of the bone is labeled "Distracted Bone" with an arrow pointing to a gap. To the left and right of this gap are sections labeled "Bone". The device consists of three rectangular plates. The leftmost plate is labeled "First Transmitting Means" with an arrow. The middle plate is labeled "Stabilizing Means" with an arrow. The rightmost plate is labeled "Second Transmitting Means" with an arrow. The rightmost plate is also labeled "Structure for Attachment to Bone" with an arrow. Each plate has a dashed vertical line and several dots representing screws or markers. The plates are connected by a central hinge or joint.

FIG. 3

0000021" 2022/60

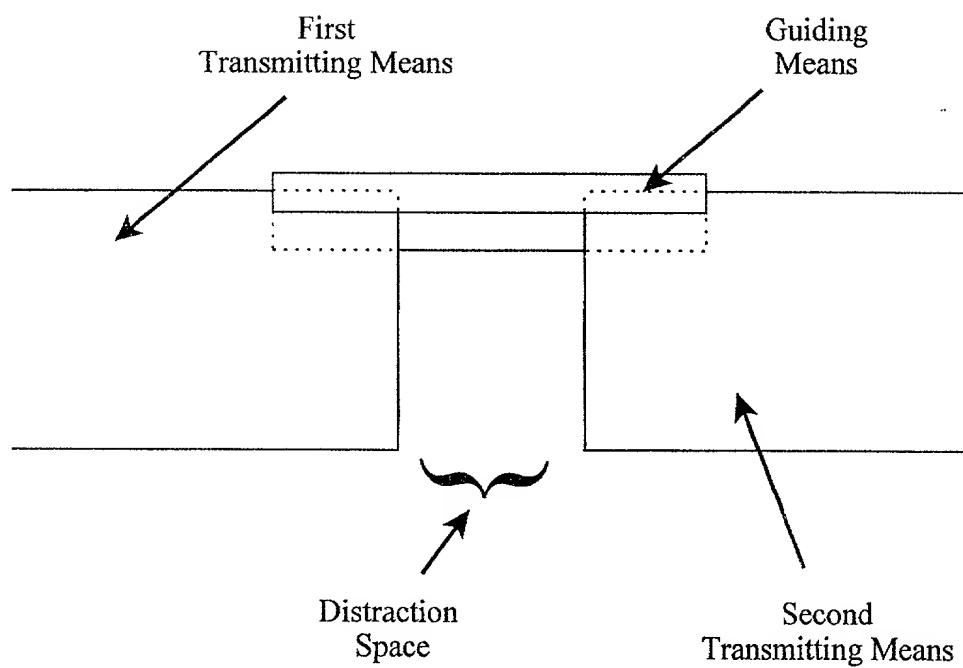


FIG. 4

Transmitting Means
or
Expansion Means

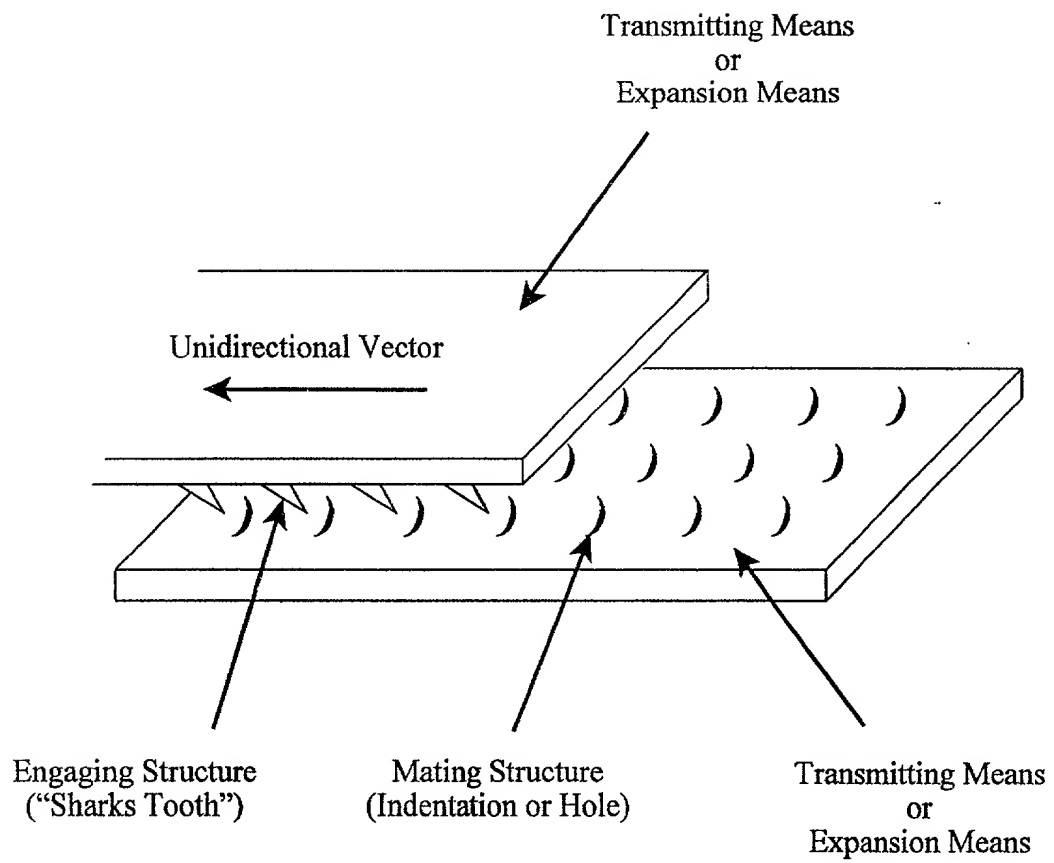


FIG. 5